

014 MyDogDNA PASS 8700 2321 5016 626 Zazá do BR Terra de Vera Cruz, Terrier Brazileiro

Registered name: Zazá do BR Terra de Vera Cruz Owner: Mauro Sérgio Carvalho		
Nickname: Zazá Prizibela		
Registration ID: RG/PRG/10/05740	Country: Brazil	
Microchip: XXX	Testing date: 30/4/2014	
Breed: Terrier Brazileiro		
Gender: Female	DNA identification profile:	



DNA identification profile: Identified with standard ISAG markers

Test results - Known disorders in the breed

Disorder	Туре	Mode of inheritance	Result
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VII (MPSVII); mutation originally found in Brazilian Terrier	Metabolic disorders	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Malignant Hyperthermia (MH)	Pharmacogenetics	Autosomal Dominant	Clear

Test results - New potential disorders in the breed

Disorder	Туре	Mode of inheritance	Result
Dilated Cardiomyopathy; mutation originally found in Doberman Pinscher (USA)	Cardiological disorders	Autosomal Dominant	Affected
Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 1 (cmr1), Mastiff-related breeds mutation	Eye disorders	Autosomal Recessive	Carrier

When obtaining a carrier or affected test result, we recommend that you contact your veterinarian for more detailed information on the condition and possible treatment.

On behalf of Genoscoper Laboratories,

Vomer SIGNATURE

Jonas Donner, PhD, Head of Research and Development at Genoscoper Laboratories

markers



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Identified with standard ISAG



Test results - Traits

Trait	Genotype	Description
Colour Locus A	at/at	The dog is homozygous for at-allele.
Colour Locus B	B/bc bc/bd	The dog is heterozygous for bc allele.
Colour Locus E	Em/E	The dog is heterozygous for EM allele and E allele.
Colour Locus H	h/h	The dog is homozygous for h allele.
Colour Locus K	ky/ky	The dog is homozygous for ky allele.
Furnishings / Improper Coat in Portuguese Water Dogs (marker test)	GG/CC	The dog is not genetically likely to express furnishings.
Body mass, insulin-like growth factor 1 (IGF1) gene variant	A/A	The dog is homozygous for the genetic variant typically associated with small body mass. This genotype is common e.g. in Yorkshire Terrier, Chihuahua and Chinese Crested Dogs.
Coat length / "Fluffy" in Welsh Corgi	G/G	The dog carries two copies of the genetic variant typically associated with a short-haired coat.
Curly coat	T/C	The dog has a curly appearance. The genetic variant typically associated with a curly coat dominates the variant typically associated with a non-curly coat.
Ear erectness (pricked ears versus floppy ears), variant chr10:11072007	T/T	The dog is homozygous and carries two copies of a genetic variant typically associated with pricked ears. This genotype is common in breeds like Finnish Spitz, German Shepherd, Samoyed, Terriers and in Collie-related breeds.
Natural Bobtail (T-box mutation)	C/C	The dog does not carry any copy of the bobtail mutation. It therefore likely has a long-tailed phenotype.
Snout/skull length (shortened head versus elongated head), bone morphogenetic protein 3 (BMP3) gene variant	C/C	Your dog is homozygous for the genetic variant typically found in breeds with an elongated head (e.g. Saluki, Collie, Irish Wolfhound).
Tiny size, insulin-like growth factor 1 receptor (IGF1R) gene variant	G/G	Your dog is homozygous for a genetic variant typically found in larger- sized breeds (height at the withers > 25.4 cm (10 inches)).

On behalf of Genoscoper Laboratories,

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Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 1/6

Blood disorders

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Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Bleeding disorder due to P2RY12 defect	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Cyclic Neutropenia (Gray Collie Syndrome)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Factor IX Deficiency or Haemophilia B, Gly379Glu mutation	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor IX Deficiency or Haemophilia B; mutation originally found in Lhasa Apso	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Factor VII Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Factor VIII deficiency or Haemophilia A; mutation originally found in German Shepherd Dog	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Glanzmann Thrombasthenia (GT), Type I; mutation originally found in Pyrenean Mountain Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glycogen Storage Disease VII or Hereditary Phosphofructokinase (PFK) Deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
May-Hegglin Anomaly (MHA)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency of Erythrocyte; mutation originally found in Beagle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency of Erythrocyte; mutation originally found in Labrador Retriever	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency of Erythrocyte; mutation originally found in Pug	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Pyruvate Kinase Deficiency of Erythrocyte; mutation originally found in West Highland White Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Trapped Neutrophil Syndrome (TNS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 2/6

Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Hypothyroidism; mutation originally found in Tenterfield Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hypothyroidism; mutation originally found in Toy Fox- and Rat Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Eye disorders		
Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Achromatopsia or Cone Degeneration (CD); mutation originally found in German Shorthaired Pointer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Autosomal Dominant Progressive Retinal Atrophy (ADPRA)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 2 (cmr2); mutation originally found in Coton de Tulear	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Canine Multifocal Retinopathy 3 (cmr3); mutation originally found in Lapponian Herder	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone-rod Dystrophy 1 (cord1-PRA)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cone-rod dystrophy (crd SWD); mutation originally found in Standard Wire- haired Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Generalized Progressive Retinal Atrophy; mutation originally found in Schapendoes	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Golden Retriever Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1 (GR_PRA 1)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Hereditary Cataract (PHC); mutation originally found in Australian Shepherd	Autosomal Dominant (Incomplete Penetrance)	Clear
Primary Lens Luxation (PLL)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Open Angle Glaucoma; mutation originally found in Beagle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Rod-Cone Dysplasia 1 (rcd1); mutation originally found in Irish Setter	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Rod-Cone Dysplasia 1a (rcd1a); mutation originally found in Sloughi	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Rod-Cone Dysplasia 3 (rcd3)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-Linked Progressive Retinal Atrophy 1 (XLPRA1)	X-linked Recessive	Clear



Immunological disorders

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Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 3/6

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Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
ARSCID (Autosomal Recessive Severe Combined Immunodeficiency)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
C3 deficiency	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (XSCID); mutation originally found in Basset Hound	X-linked Recessive	Clear
X-linked Severe Combined Immunodeficiency (XSCID); mutation originally found in Cardigan Welsh Corgi	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Kidney disorders		
Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Hyperuricosuria and Hyperuricemia (HUU) or Urolithiasis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Polycystic Kidney Disease (PKD)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Primary hyperoxaluria (PH); mutation originally found in Coton de Tulear	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
X-linked Hereditary Nephropathy (XLHN)	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Metabolic disorders		
Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Glycogen Storage Disease, Type la (GSDla)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glycogen Storage Disease, type II or Pompe's disease	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Glycogen Storage Disease, type Illa (GSDIlla)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hypocatalasia or Acatalasemia	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type IIIA (MPSIIIA); mutation originally found in Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Mucopolysaccharidosis Type VI (MPSVI); mutation originally found in Poodle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear

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Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Deficiency

Autosomal Recessive

Clear



Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 4/6

Muscular disorders

Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Cavalier King Charles Spaniel Muscular Dystrophy (CKCS-MD)	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Duchenne-like Muscular Dystrophy, Pembroke Welsh Corgi-type	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Muscular Dystrophy, Duchenne type or Golden Retriever Muscular Dystrophy (GRMD)	X-linked Recessive	Clear
Myotonia; mutation originally found in Miniature Schnauzer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Myotubular Myopathy 1 or X-linked Myotubular Myopathy	X-linked Recessive	Clear

Neurological disorders

Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Benign Familial Juvenile Epilepsy or Remitting Focal Epilepsy	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Cerebellar abiotrophy or neonatal cerebellar cortical degeneration (NCCD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Fetal-onset Neuroaxonal Dystrophy (FNAD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
L-2-Hydroxyglutaric aciduria (L2HGA); mutation 1 originally found in Staffordshire Bull Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
L-2-Hydroxyglutaric aciduria (L2HGA); mutation 2 originally found in Staffordshire Bull Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neonatal Encephalopathy with Seizures (NEWS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 1 (NCL1)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 10 (NCL10)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 2 (NCL2)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis 6 (NCL6)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Neuronal Ceroid Lipofuscinosis, type 12, mutation originally found in Tibetan terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Polyneuropathy; mutation originally found in Alaskan Malamute	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Polyneuropathy; mutation originally found in Greyhound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Progressive early-onset cerebellar ataxia; mutation originally found in Finnish Hound	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



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Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 5/6



Neuromuscular disorders

Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Alpha Fucosidosis	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Episodic falling (EF)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM1 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Alaskan Husky	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM1 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Portuguese Water Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM1 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Shiba Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
GM2 Gangliosidosis; mutation originally found in Toy Poodle	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Globoid Cell Leukodystrophy (GLD) or Krabbe's disease, Terrier mutation	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Hyperekplexia or Startle Disease	Autosomal Recessive	Clear

Skeletal disorders

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Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Chondrodysplasia (dwarfism); mutation originally found in Norwegian Elkhound and Karelian Bear Dog	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Craniomandibular Osteopathy (CMO)	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Osteogenesis imperfecta (OI) or Brittle Bone Disease; mutation originally found in Dachshund	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Skeletal Dysplasia 2 (SD2)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear



Test results - Additional disorders found in other breeds - page 6/6

Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Ectodermal dysplasia or Skin Fragility Syndrome (ED-SFS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Epidermolysis bullosa, dystrophic	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Epidermolytic Hyperkeratosis or Ichthyosis in Norfolk Terrier	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Musladin-Lueke syndrome (MLS)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear

Other disorders

Disorder	Mode of inheritance	Result
Congenital Keratoconjuctivitis Sicca and Ichthyosiform Dermatosis (CKCSID) or Dry Eye Curly Coat Syndrome	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Gallbladder Mucocele Formation	Autosomal Dominant	Clear
Narcolepsy; mutation originally found in Dobermann	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Persistant Mullerian Duct Syndrome (PMDS), mutation originally found in Miniature Schnauzer	Autosomal Recessive	Clear
Primary Ciliary Dyskinesia (PCD)	Autosomal Recessive	Clear

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APPENDIX Explanation of the results of the tested disorders



Autosomal recessive inheritance (ARI)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Carrier - A dog carries one copy of the tested mutation. Carriers typically have a normal, healthy appearance but pass on the mutation to approximately 50% of their offspring.

Affected - A dog carries two copies of the tested mutation and is at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

Autosomal dominant inheritance (ADI)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Affected - A dog carries one or two copies of the tested mutation and is at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

X-linked recessive inheritance (X-linked)

Clear - A dog carries no copies of the tested mutation and has no or reduced likelihood of developing and passing on the disease/condition.

Carrier - Female carriers typically have a normal, healthy appearance but carry one copy of the tested mutation on one of their X chromosomes. As males only have one X chromosome, there are no male carriers.

Affected - Affected female dogs carry two mutated copies of the tested mutation. Affected males carry one copy of the tested mutation on their single X chromosome. Affected dogs are at high or increased risk of developing the disease/condition.

Please note that the descriptions above are generalized based on typically observed inheritance patterns. When obtaining a carrier or affected test result, always refer to the corresponding online test documentation for more detailed information on the condition and any exceptions.

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